

PROBLEMS OF WIDOWS: A SOCIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

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ABSTRACT:

Across Indian social orders, ladies keep on battling for sex uniformity and ladies' privileges issues. Especially, Widows in India are dealing with a great deal of issues and difficulties in the family and society in light of conventional standards, social practices and convictions in the general public. In the male centric Hindu society where ladies get their status from their spouses, widows have consistently been viewed as images of setback, and their quality was believed to be foreboding at glad events. They had to pull out totally from the public activity of the local area and were made to follow an extreme discipline which made their reality a virtual social passing. Endeavors were made during the early provincial time frame to run after changes to work on the state of widows in India. However, glaring sex separation exists in India throughout the long term. Ladies, especially widows in India are the casualties of social shame. Separation of widows is a typical peculiarity which is profound in the conventional qualities and convictions of the local area.

KEYWORDS: Across Indian social, social practices and convictions.

INTRODUCTION:

Widows are found to have wealth of issues all around the world because of the regulation of male controlled society and social corruption. Among the widows, the most weak gatherings are the people who have been living alone or remaining with unmarried youngsters. A portion of the serious issues they face are, obligation of kid bearing, absence of friendship, viciousness against widows, obstructions in remarriage, command over sexuality, exploitation, and psycho-social change with her own family and society. In every one of the non-industrial nations, a great many widows and their youngsters live in the state of intense weakness, hardship and viciousness. Despite the fact that we have Civil laws of legacy, standard laws identifying with marriage and legacy, land proprietorship and kid care there exists is an enormous hole between the legitimate measures and practices because of the unbending man centric disposition towards women.

- 1. In India and presumably somewhere else independent of religion, station, class and training, a large number of widows are denied of their all around recognized human rights.
- 2. Their fundamental necessities like food, safe house and material are illegal. A couple of ladies are compelled to confront inappropriate behavior from their parents in law. Widows' requirements are underestimated in Indian culture and they are not taken into standard. Indeed, even in an informed enlightened society, they are disengaged and set under a few limitations. In view of the topic of command over their sexuality, widowhood is demanded ladies to bind them in their homes. They are not permitted to go to any friendly and strict capacities thus they confine their entitlement to live in open arena. Sexual orientation chain of command is profound in Indian culture. Contrasted with single men, widows have substantially more limitation in the general public. Single men have

- the opportunity to move wherever just as to partake in friendly capacities. Because of male controlled society, ladies are considered as an auxiliary article and this sex progressive system is seen in family just as in the public eye too.
- 3. Widows are separated even by their relatives and they are limited genuinely and socially. They are not permitted to wear shaded sarees, bangles, compelled to wear ugly clothing, decorations, haircut, and so forth These sorts of limitations were exceptionally unbending locally. Further their essence is disallowed in friendly, social and strict services. Society doesn't allow them to re-wed, which is an infringement of common freedom. Despite the fact that the Indian Constitution ensures equity to all, victimization widows is as yet common, and widowhood is predominantly a lady's concern. In India, there are three fold the number of widows than single men. Youngster marriage, polygamy, the wide age-hole among people, war and expanding pace of AIDS have enormously expanded the quantity of widows, particularly youthful ones.
- 4. The example is 500 respondents have been taken in this exploration of this 8 respondents were HIV/AIDS positive among this 3 respondent conceded that they have HIV/AIDS positive. Absolute by there are in excess of 40 million widows in India and larger part of their life has been portrayed as a "living sati", a reference to the now banned act of widow copying. Widowhood is capable by roughly 12 million individuals in the United States today.

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

While ladies had a checkered development rising above spatial, worldly, strict and station hindrances, widows have gone through a ton of affliction. The customary strict society had forced extreme assents on widows. The widow gone through physical, mental, moral and otherworldly desolation, by the remorseless hands of the general public had incurred intolerable torment for them. Thus, widows had to carry on with a socially excluded, monetarily wards and genuinely grim and profoundly devout life. A widow's public presence was not considered as promising one; along these lines she needed to live in withdrawal. By understanding the untold hopelessness gone through by the widows, a few social masterminds and reformers had champion the reason for widows and pushed a few healing estimates like abrogation of 'sati', kid marriage limitation and widow re-marriage during the most recent 200 years. To forestall barbaric practices to widows, social enactments like cancelation of Sati Act 1829 and Abolition of Child Marriage Act 1929 were passed. The social activists in various pieces of India had carried out various undertakings so as to work on the government assistance of widows. Both Central and State legislatures just as numerous NGOs have acquainted different plans with shield widows from the social on butcher and to advance their government assistance. This review inspects the financial state of widows, especially widows having a place with rustic and metropolitan in Dindigul District. The general target of the review is to dissect their contemporary issues and recommend measures for their improvement.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To study the socio, culture states of widows in Dindigul District in Tamilnadu
- 2. To diminish boundaries in creating individual and changing the social demeanor
- 3. To take a gander at their conditions according to a sexual orientation point of view way.

The surveys of the above study investigated the socio status of widows in all age bunch in a sex point of view approach. The current review is restricted to a local area which has been announced 'forward both socially and monetarily'. It is feasible to recognize the progressions that happened on the socio status of widows throughout some stretch of time. This review examinations the male centric progressions adverse consequence against widows, likewise how it makes weak circumstance of widows in Dindigul District.

HYPOTHESIS

1. An expanding pattern towards the family standards, urbanization, and the rise of family units and nonstop disintegration of family and connection ties even in rustic spaces of society; appear to have a heading on the issues of widowhood.

2. Financial boundaries of widows from rustic foundation is widespread.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

FEMINIST RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Approach is the investigation of the techniques and practices in research examinations, the social event of proof during the time spent information and hypothesis arrangement. Women's activist examination philosophy evaluates the hypothetical standards and utilizations of customary system from an assortment of viewpoints. Semi-organized meeting has turned into a significant component in women's activist subjective techniques for its capacity to record ladies' idea, convictions and qualities utilized in the improvement of women's activist hypothesis.

TOOLS FOR DATA COLLATION

In the current review information were both 'essential' just as 'optional' sources. The dates were gathered essential sources established of the widows of 18 years or more and were survivors of misuse and disregard by Participatory logical perception, Interview timetable, and Secondary sources incorporate registration reports, articles, paper reports, diaries and books. As the review was subjective in nature, a top to bottom meeting was the essential instrument for information assortment; The meetings were led by 'Meeting Topic Guide' which comprised of two wide things like: individual subtleties, Socio condition.

THE CONTENTS OF DATA ANALYSIS

The information got during the meetings were as 'semantic narration'or was of a subjective in nature. The substance of each meeting was painstakingly broke down based on the reactions given by every respondent. The author of examination were the means by which people described their chronicles - what they underline and excluded their position as heroes or casualties, the relationship the story set up between the teller and the crowd – all shape what an individual can guarantee of their own lives. Individual stories are not simply a method of telling somebody (or oneself) around one's life; they are the means by which personalities might be molded.

DESIGN OF THE STUDY

Here, elucidating configuration will be utilized to depict the information. Expressive exploration configuration is a logical technique which includes noticing and depicting the conduct of a subject without impacting it in any capacity.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

A widow is an individual who is exposed to multitudinous tragedies not because of her issue yet because of obliviousness, strange notion and the social specially followed by the man centric culture, her desolation and sufferings have not been diminished even after the progression of time. Because of the profound recorded activity of male controlled society, widows have been quietly experiencing in the general public. The issue of widowhood has evoked significant interest in the personalities of specialists lately. In the Indian setting, the issues expect significant significance, as the age distinction among a couple is higher and widow–remarriage is exceptionally limited. Subsequently, to comprehend the intricate peculiarity of widowhood, a precise investigation of different issues looked by widows, the causes, the outcomes and the consequences for the character of widows, the hardships in adjusting

widowhood and how they will figure out how to defeat the issues, man centric culture making new sex jobs and socially and socially limited socialization rehearses against widows, and the debasement of widow's life. A few authoritative and social projects have been dispatched during the last five to sixty years so as to free widows from their quandary. The current investigation of widows in Dindigul District specifically metropolitan 250 respondent and country 250 respondent gives adequate knowledge into the progressions brought to the situation with widows and examinations help giving the current situation of widows. The current review to put the issue in legitimate viewpoint and to conclude the edge work for examination. Exact meaning of the ideas would empower both the assortment of significant information, and significant translation of the consequences of investigation. Widowhood might be seen as a position including significant change in a lady's job both in the family and in the general public. The familial and cultural existences of widows are likewise underestimated them because of quick improvement of modernization, progression, innovative headway and so forth Widowhood can prompt exceptional disappointment among widows bringing about pressure, misery and different types of versatile conduct. Assuming that their example of responses is to dissatisfaction isn't fitting, it becomes basic to investigate the individual mental elements of the widows. These mental variables decide the example of response to dissatisfaction among widows in contrast with wedded ladies and the distinction in the response example of widows and wedded ladies. In India's ceremonial, male overwhelmed society, widowhood has been projected as a type of segregation to depreciate ladies. According to famous social practice a widow is regularly faulted for her significant other's passing. After achieving widowhood, most widows in India are exposed to financial decrease, social disconnection and related hardship. They are limited with regards to how and where they reside and as far as legacy, remarriage, and business and the sort of friendly help they can get from family members and to local area. Indeed, even following quite a while of battles by friendly reformers and passing of moderate enactment resembles Sati Abolish Act 1829, The Hindu Widow Remarriage Act 1856, and so on Widows are as yet one of the minimized areas of the general public with least significance openly and private circles. The issue of widowhood in India is basic both as far as its enthusiastic profundity just as sheer number of individual's trapped in the savage practice. According to the 1991 evaluation Pondicherry had the most noteworthy extent of widows (67.7%) in India.6 In perspective on the way that when of consider entire Tamilnadu is likewise not a long ways behind than Pondicherry in the consideration the specialist has made a review on the current status of widowhood in Dindigul area. Scientist has chosen 500 widow respondents among country and metropolitan region in Dindigul region. The information

WIDOWHOOD IN DINDIGUL DISTRICT

Dindigul district structure the universe of the review. Explanations behind concentrating on widowhood from country and metropolitan region were intricately given in this section. The specialist has included widows of all age gatherings and social angle in regards to them for the current review. Assortment of Data The gathered information were broke down with the assistance of clear and SPSS factual instruments. Ladies' examinations strategy utilizes various instruments to gather information. Since a solitary instrument alone was seen as lacking to get the ideal information, the analyst utilized pre-tried meeting plan, logical perception, contextual investigations and cooperation with relative to gather the necessary information. Because of the teaching of male controlled society widows had to lead a socially alienated, financially reliant, sincerely denied, actually somber and shaky life. In India, widows were bound with in reverse social practices and social perspectives because of inflexible sociocultural viewpoints pervasive in the general public. The gathered information were investigated to improve comprehension of the socio-social, monetary, brain research projects and medical problems of widow in the review region.

gathered from the field has been broke down, organized and deciphered underneath.

DATA ANALYZES

Figure: 1. Distribution of age at the time of marriage of respondents



The respondents were gotten some information about their age at marriage, in metropolitan region were 33(13.2%) in palani, 39(15.6%) in Dindigul, 36(14.4%) in Athoor and 49(19.6%) in Nilakottai of respondents age at the hour of marriage is under 18. In rustic region respondents were 35(14%) in palani, 45(18%) in Dindigul, 44(17.6%) in Athoor and 53(21.2%) in Nilakottai of respondents age at the hour of marriage is under 18. Complete 157(62.8%) in metropolitan and 177(70.8%) in rustic respondents age at the hour of marriage is under 18. so More than half of the respondents wedded underneath the age of 18. Contrasted rustic and metropolitan culture, country ladies are more as far as the public mindfulness thus the kid marriage was not really normal. Among the age bunch under 18 youngsters marriage is a social detestable and a wrongdoing as well. Legitimately authorization to forestall this by Child Marriage limitations Act 1829. Youngster marriage likewise one reason for widowhood, that is the age of the spouse is exceptionally high when contrasted with wife. Were In Urban region respondents were 5(2%) in palani, 13(5.2%) in Dindigul, 9(3.6%) in Athoor and 8(3.2%) in Nilakottai of respondents age at the hour of marriage is 18 to 19. In rustic region respondents were 5(2%) in palani, 8(3.2%) in Dindigul, 4(1.6%) in Athoor 3(1.2%) in Nilakottai of respondents as far as the age at the hour of marriage is 18 to 19. Complete 35(14%) in metropolitan and 20(8%) in country respondents age at the hour of marriage is 18 to 19. Also Urban region respondents were 15(6%) in palani, 7(2.8%) in Dindigul, 7(2.8%) in Athoor and 5(2%) in Nilakottai of respondents age at the hour of marriage is 20 to 21. In rustic region respondents were 18(7.2%) in palani, 4(1.6%) in Dindigul, 10(4%) in Athoor and 5(2%) in Nilakottai of respondents age at the hour of marriage is 20 to 21. Complete 34(13.6%) in metropolitan and 37(14.8%) in country respondents age at the hour of marriage is 20 to 21.

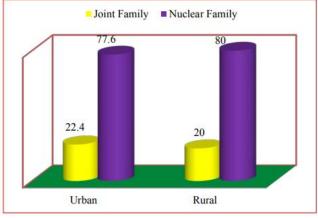


Figure: 2. Distribution of type of family of respondents

Around 22.4 percent of the metropolitan respondents and around 20.0 percent of the provincial respondents have a place with joint families; but the single biggest gathering is of the individuals who come from family units. In India, generally widows are not permitted to have a different house for she is seen and socially corrupted not to lead on autonomous life. In any case, it tends to be noted in Dindigul numerous youthful and middle age widows need to be distant from everyone else in family unit with their youngsters without male help or family members. It is additionally important to take note of that 80.0 percent of the respondents in provincial regions and 77.6 percent of respondents in metropolitan regions have come neither from joint nor from family unit. The individuals who have a place with the family unit have the capacity to take autonomous choices like social investment, financial consumption, opportunity to pick occupations and so forth

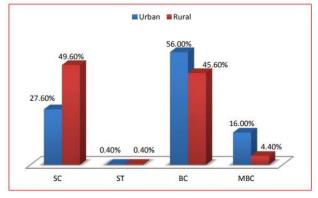


Figure: 3. Distribution of Caste of Respondents

The above table uncovers that around 69(27.6%) percent of the metropolitan region respondent has a place with planned position. 124(49.6) of the rustic respondents likewise has a place with SC .though 140(56%) in metropolitan and 114(45.6%) in provincial respondents standing is BC. just a single percent respondent have a place ST. Yet, MBC and BC Widows are supposed to be customarily unpropitious, however they are not viewed as ceremonially unclean. By carrying on with a strict and grave life, they are really cleaner than wedded ladies according to a ceremonial point of view without a doubt older widows who lost their spouses in their advanced age are not especially unpropitious and are treated with impressive regard.

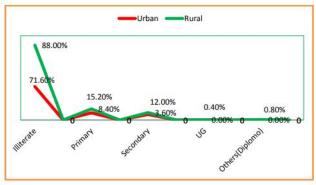


Figure: 4. Distribution of Education of Respondents

True to form an earlier, the most noteworthy frequency of ignorance can be seen among old widows both in rustic and metropolitan regions. To the extent education is concern, 179(71.6%) in metropolitan and 220(88%) percent of the provincial respondents are Illiterate. widows concentrated up to grade school shows 38(15.2%) in metropolitan and 21(8.4%) in country regions. Among the people who concentrated up to center school, 30(12%) in metropolitan and 9(3.6%) in rustic respondents concentrated up to optional level. There is no distinction in the number among metropolitan and rustic respondent who had concentrated up to secondary school, ie Only 1(0.4%) in metropolitan and 0(0%) in country who concentrated up to UG. Just a single percent went for higher investigations. Absence of offices and support from the family kept young ladies from going to class. The country widows who were proficient attempted to move up in the stepping stool of school training whenever they were offered a chance. Contrasted with rustic ladies, metropolitan ladies are more proficient and they were more mindful of the general public than the provincial ladies. were 2(0.8%) in metropolitan and 0(0%) in country respondents were concentrated on certificate, poly method .

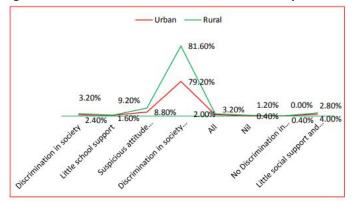


Figure: 5. Distribution of Social Problems of Respondents

It is upsetting to take note of that even after appearance of urbanization, modernization, industrialization, innovative progression and logical reasoning the situation of widows are as yet hopeless. Despite the fact that not examined independently, it is realized that Muslim and Christian widows are nearly in a superior situation in term of strict and social customs. It is apparent from the above table that around 198(79.2%) in metropolitan and 204(81.6%) rate in provincial respondents having separation in the public eye and dubious demeanor about widows is their social issue. Larger part of the respondents utilizing adornments moreover standard individuals. In the past it was not acknowledged by the general public yet presently it is being acknowledged. This table shows the progressions in the conventional qualities and standards of the general public. In Tamil society, leaves by blossoms and kumkum are viewed as images of favorability as of now widows are by and large denied

the option to wear them. Just 8(3.2%) level of the metropolitan respondent and 5(2%) in country respondents said, minimal social help and dubious mentality about widows is their social issue.

RESULT

Important to take note of that 80.0 percent of the respondents in rustic regions and 77.6 percent of respondents in metropolitan regions have come from family unit. Also they are coming structure diverse station bunches around 69(27.6%) of the metropolitan respondents from SC rank and in provincial region they were 124(49.6%) has a place with a similar standing. While 140(56%) metropolitan and 114(45.6%) provincial respondents goes under BC position. just a single percent respondent from ST.

However, MBC and BC Widows are supposed to be customarily unfavorable, yet they are not viewed as ceremonially unclean. By carrying on with a strict and severe life, they are really cleaner than wedded ladies according to a ceremonial viewpoint for sure old widows who lost their spouses in their advanced age are not especially unfavorable and are treated with extensive regard. In term of proficiency 179(71.6%) metropolitan and 220(88%) country respondents are ignorant widows concentrated up to grade school as 38(15.2%) metropolitan and 21(8.4%) of the rustic. Among the people who concentrated up to center school, 30(12%) in metropolitan and were 9(3.6%) provincial respondents taught up to optional. Provincial widows were 22.85 percent and metropolitan widows 22.86 percent. There is no distinction in the number among metropolitan and provincial respondent who had concentrated up to secondary school, ie Only 1(0.4%) in metropolitan and 0(0%) in country respondents instruction is UG. True to form an earlier, the most noteworthy frequency of lack of education can be seen among old widows both in country and metropolitan regions. To the extent education is concern, Only one percent went for higher investigations. Absence of offices and support from the family kept young ladies from going to class. The country widows who were proficient attempted to move up in the stepping stool of school instruction whenever they were offered a chance. Contrasted with provincial ladies, metropolitan ladies are more proficient and they were more mindful of the general public than the rustic ladies. Were 2(0.8%) in metropolitan and 0(0%) in rustic respondents were concentrated on recognition, poly method and so forth

Widows needed to observe severe guidelines and limitations in the man centric culture. Consequently in contemporary society additionally it proceeded rehearsed. Just 8(3.2%) of the metropolitan respondents and 5(2%) rustic respondents said, minimal social help and dubious demeanor about widows are the significant issues are being confronted. On account of standard powers in the public arena, our general public completely belt the dependent on sexual orientation uniqueness. Nonetheless, deleted the significant impacts achieved by times upset. Around 198(79.2%) metropolitan and 204(81.6%) country respondents having separation in the public arena and dubious disposition about widows. Larger part of metropolitan reacted 231(92.4%) that they are not having social help and furthermore 240(96%) country respondents said that they are not having social help. consequently here the analyst observed that even today the widows are being experiences in our general public. Appropriation of limitation of outfits, gems, food sources, and cooperation of family and society elements of respondents Whereas 243(97.2%) metropolitan and 245(98%) provincial respondents having limitation of ensembles. around 7(2.8%) metropolitan and 5(2%) country respondents have no limitation of outfits. Particularly in the current days MBC widow sporting white and brown colur saree, not utilizing Kum-Kum, Flowers, Not Wear Chikki Bagels like. Eventhough otherside larger part of the respondents are a lot of keen on taking part friendly capacities and don't care for such sort of limitation.

DISCUSSION

The outcome displayed in table1 uncovers that widowhood issues expansions altogether. Uncover that Chi-Square Tests Ho= There is no connection between area of living and age. H1= There is

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a connection between area of living and age. Above outcome shows that the chi square worth is 21.336 with the level of opportunity of 13. The p esteem 0.067 is higher than the ordinarily acknowledged worth 0.05. Speculation can be acknowledged. Henceforth, the chi square test appropriately says that there is a connection between area of living and age.(p. esteem 21.336, Sig..067). The review uncovers one of the featuring realities is that a couple of ladies (1.6%) impacted HIV/AIDS through their spouses. The UN Division of Advancement of ladies likewise validate the outcome in their review that justification behind expanding number of widowhood is because of HIV/AIDS and common struggles . The concentrate additionally expresses the way that up until recently widows face various types of social disparities moreover they are not permitted to wear ordinary dresses, bangles kumkum and furthermore not allowed to go to social capacities. Many examinations like Bina Agarwal(1998), Dr. S. Gokillavani (1999), Dr. Godavari Patil(2000) and so forth Likewise uncovers comparative sort of assessment. Each other significant finding of the review was that greater part of the spouses kicked the bucket of cardiovascular failure due to over utilization of alcohol. The finding of the review would feature the requirement for help to mind – providers who give long haul care to the prosperity of the weak area.

The outcomes introduced in over all tables demonstrate that the t-an incentive for the mean The p esteem 0.000 is lesser than the ordinarily acknowledged worth 0.05. Thus, the chi square test appropriately says that there is connection between area of living and position. The p esteem 0.000 is lesser than the normally acknowledged worth is 0.05. Invalid speculation can be acknowledged. Henceforth, the chi square test appropriately says that there is no connection between area of living and schooling. (p esteem 23.419, Sig. .000). The p esteem 0.036 is lesser than the ordinarily acknowledged worth 0.05. Invalid speculation can be acknowledged. Henceforth, the chi square test appropriately says that there is connection between area of living and sort of segregation. (p esteem 4.377, Sig. .036). The p esteem is 0.085 is higher than the ordinarily acknowledged worth 0.05. Speculation can be acknowledged. Consequently, the chi square test properly says that there is no connection between area of living and society support. (p esteem 2.965, Sig. .085). So it very well might be inferred that the widowhood is a significant element that causes to the social traditions for them. Particularly among metropolitan respondent dealing with issues analyze then provincial is extremely high.

RECOMMENDATION

Henceforth the analyst giving some suggestion into:

- 1. Giving free professional preparing program dependent on their schooling capabilities
- 2. Their youngsters' giving mandatory schooling upto UG level and will be give advantages for aslso Government work.
- 3. Without guarantee give solitary from bank
- 4. Having young lady youngsters should give marriage helper likes support least Rs.1, 00,000 laksh
- 5. Widows giving extraordinary medical care protection and their kids likewise having clinical discounted more than Rs.30, 000 that additionally take care by Government.
- 6. Consistently giving mindfulness program to each town by road play. This obligation under to approach schools or college. Yet, that road play content have dependent on every friendly issue.

CONCLUSION:

Across Indian social orders, ladies keep on battling for sex uniformity and ladies' privileges issues. Especially, Widows in India are dealing with a great deal of issues and difficulties in the family and society in light of conventional standards, social practices and convictions in the general public. In the male centric Hindu society where ladies get their status from their spouses, widows have consistently been viewed as images of setback, and their quality was believed to be foreboding at glad events. They had to pull out totally from the public activity of the local area and were made to follow an

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extreme discipline which made their reality a virtual social passing. Endeavors were made during the early provincial time frame to run after changes to work on the state of widows in India.Ladies, especially widows in India are the casualties of social shame.

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